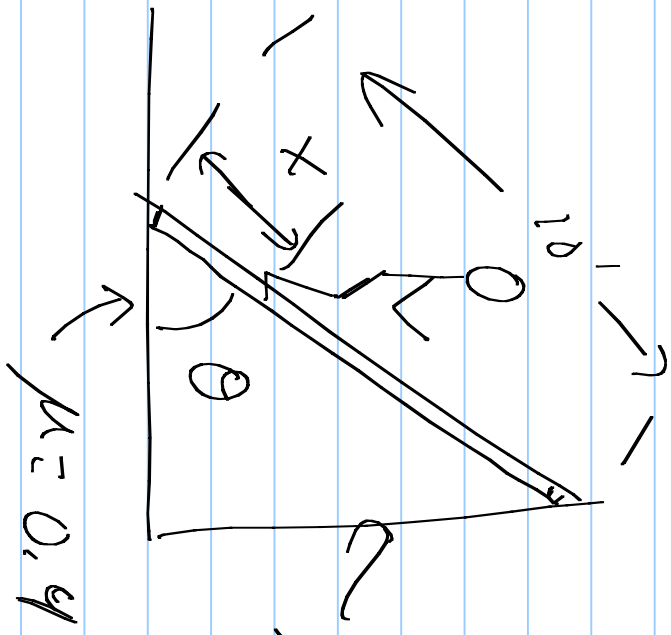


EGR 180

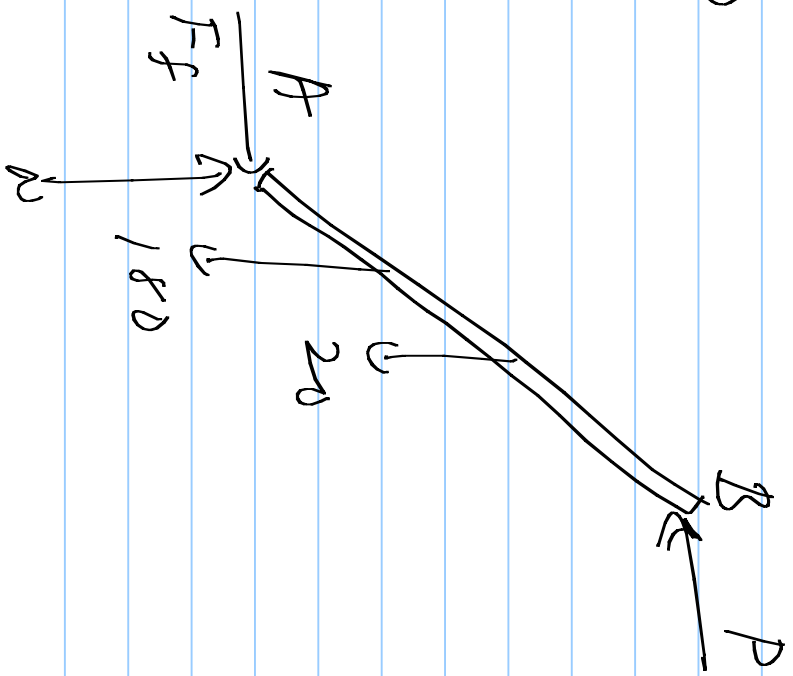
7/20/10



$w_p = 180 \text{ lbs}$

$w_L = 20 \text{ lbs}$

$\mu = 0$



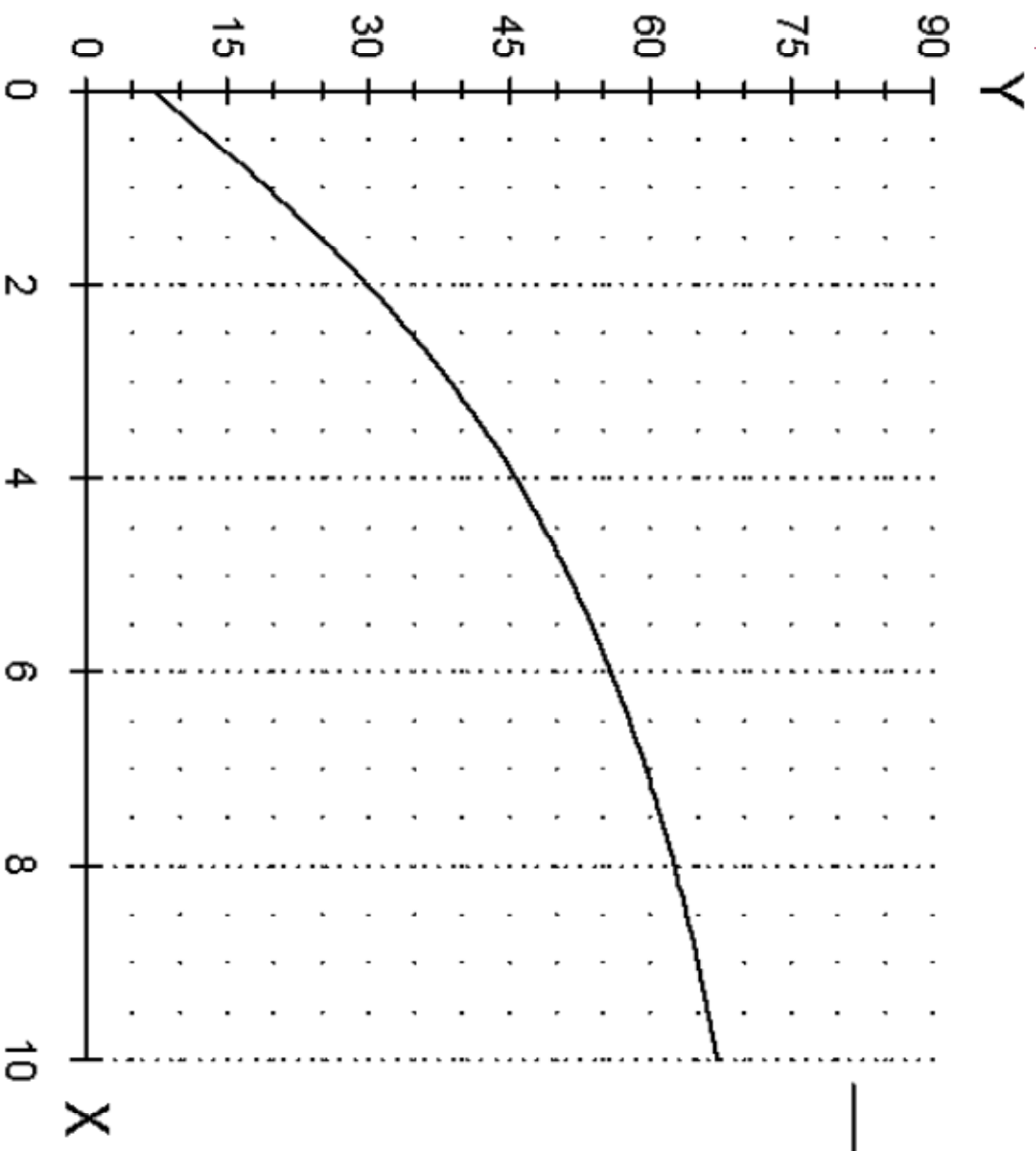
$$\Sigma M_A = -(K \cos \theta)(180) - 5 \cos \theta (20) + 10 \sin \theta P = 0$$

$$P = [180 \cos \theta + 10] \tan \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_f &= \mu N, \quad \Sigma F_y = N - 180 - 20 = 0 \\ &= .4(200) \quad \Rightarrow N = 200 \text{ lbs} \\ &= 80 \text{ lbs} \end{aligned}$$

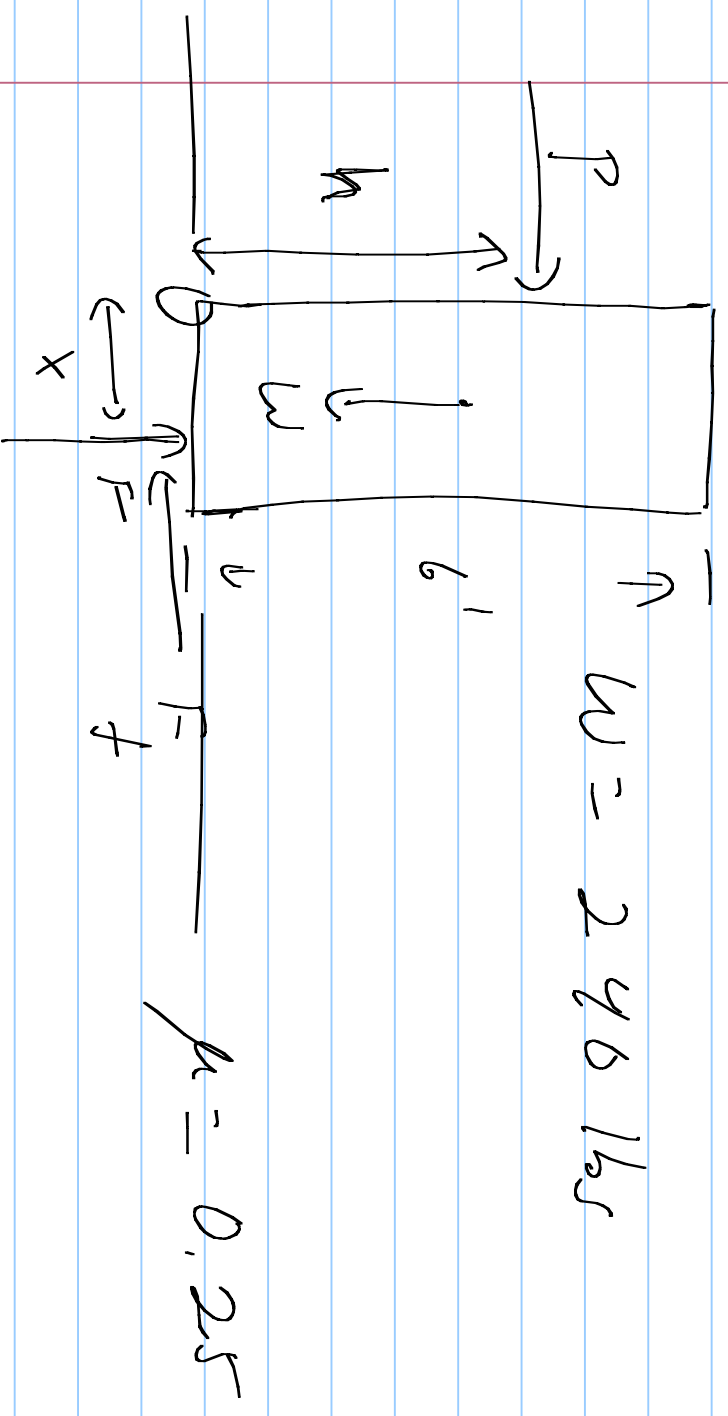
$$\Sigma F_x = F_f - P = 0 \Rightarrow P = 80 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{180 \cos \theta + 10}{80} \Rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{9 \cos \theta + 5}{40} \right)$$



$$Y = \frac{180 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{40} (9X+5) \right)}{\pi}$$

(3' |



$$\sum F_y \Rightarrow F = W \quad \sum F_x \Rightarrow P = f = \mu W$$

$$\sum M_D = -P \cdot h + Wx - 1.5W = 0$$

$$Ph = W(x - 1.5)$$

$$(.25)(240)h = 240(x - 1.5)$$

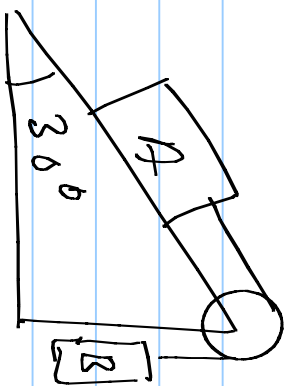
$$h = 4x - 6 \quad x < 3$$

$$h_{\max} = 4(3) - 6 = 12 - 6 = 6'$$

$$M = 0, 4$$

$$h = 2.5x - 3.75$$

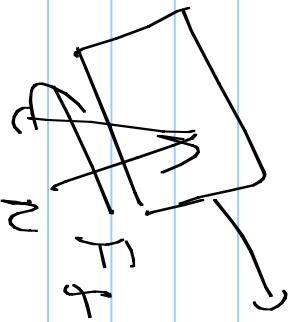
$$h_{\max} = 7.5 - 3.75 = 3.75'$$



$$W_A = 1000 \text{ N}$$

$$\mu = 0.4$$

Min + max W_B that A will remain stationary



$$\sum F_N = -W_A \cos(30) + N = 0$$

$$N = 500\sqrt{3} \text{ N}$$

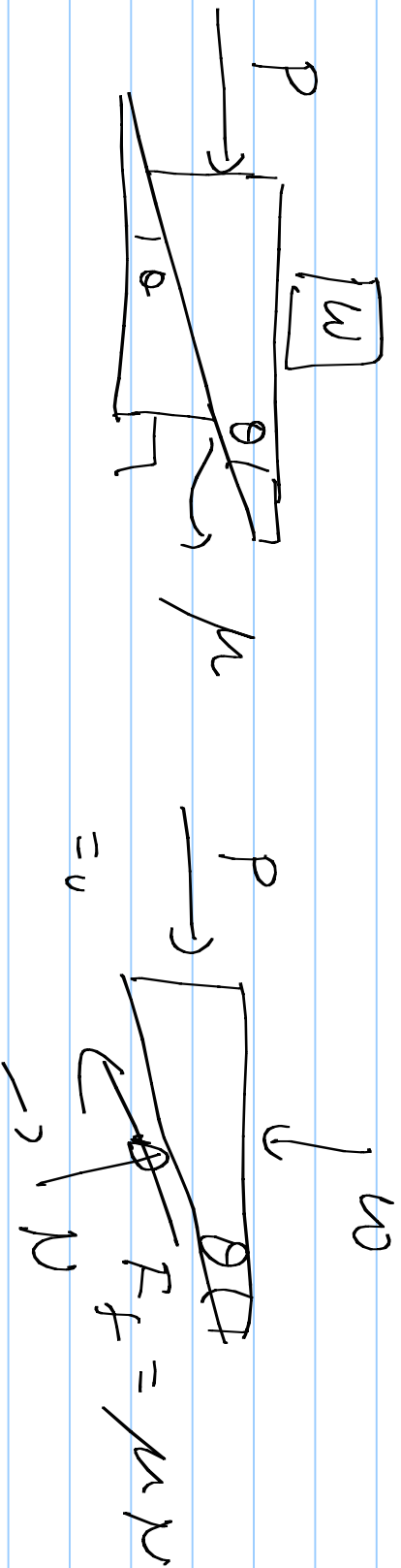
$$F_f = \mu N = 200\sqrt{3} \text{ N}$$

(+)

$$\sum F_T = -W_H \sin(30^\circ) - F_f + W_B$$

$$W_{B_{\text{max}}} = (500 + 200\sqrt{3}) \text{ N} = 846 \text{ N}$$

$$W_{B_{\text{min}}} = (500 - 200\sqrt{3}) \text{ N} = 154 \text{ N}$$



$$\sum F_y = -W + N \cos \theta - F_f \sin \theta = 0$$

$$N [\cos \theta - \mu \sin \theta] = W$$

$$N = \frac{W}{\cos \theta - \mu \sin \theta}$$

$$\sum F_x = P - F_f \cos \theta - N \sin \theta = 0$$

$$P = N [\sin \theta + \mu \cos \theta]$$

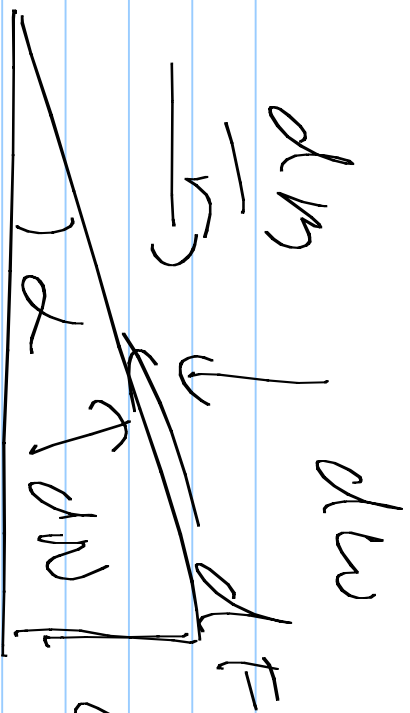
$$\Rightarrow P = \frac{W [\sin \theta + \mu \cos \theta]}{\cos \theta - \mu \sin \theta}$$

$$W = 2500 \text{ lbs}, \quad \mu = 0.2, \quad \theta = 5^\circ$$

$$P = \frac{2000 [\sin(5) + 0.2 \cos(5)]}{\cos(5) - 0.2 \sin(5)}$$
$$= 585 \text{ lbs}$$

$$0 = \frac{W(\sin(\theta) - \mu \cos(\theta))}{\cos(\theta) + \mu \sin(\theta)}$$

$$\mu > \tan \theta = \tan(5) = 0.09$$



$$\sum F_y = -dlw + dlw \cos \alpha$$

$$-dl \sin \alpha = 0$$

$$dlw = dlw [\cos \alpha - \mu \sin \alpha]$$

$$\tan(\alpha) = \frac{\mu}{2\pi r} \frac{dlw}{r} = \frac{dlw [\sin \alpha + \mu \cos \alpha]}{\cos \alpha - \mu \sin \alpha}$$

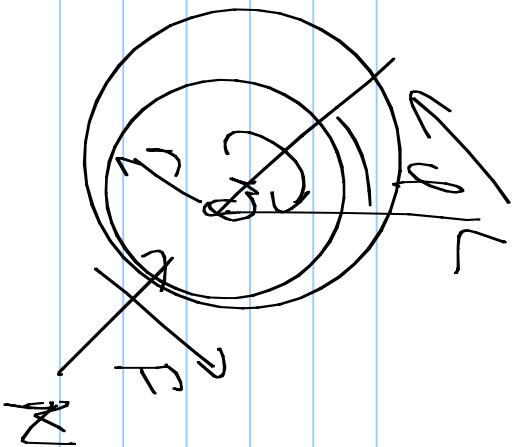
$$\frac{\mu}{r} = \frac{w [\sin(\alpha) + \mu \cos(\alpha)]}{\cos(\alpha) - \mu \sin \alpha}$$

$$M_r = \frac{W[L + 2\pi r h]}{2\pi r - \mu L}$$

Tighten

$$M_r = \frac{W[L - 2\pi \mu r]}{2\pi r + \mu L}$$

Loosen



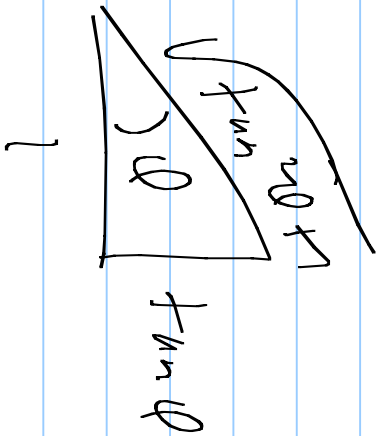
$$\sum M_c = -m r + r F = 0$$

$$F = \frac{m}{r} \leftarrow$$

$$N = L \cos \phi \quad F = \mu N$$

$$F = L \sin \phi = \mu L \cos \phi$$

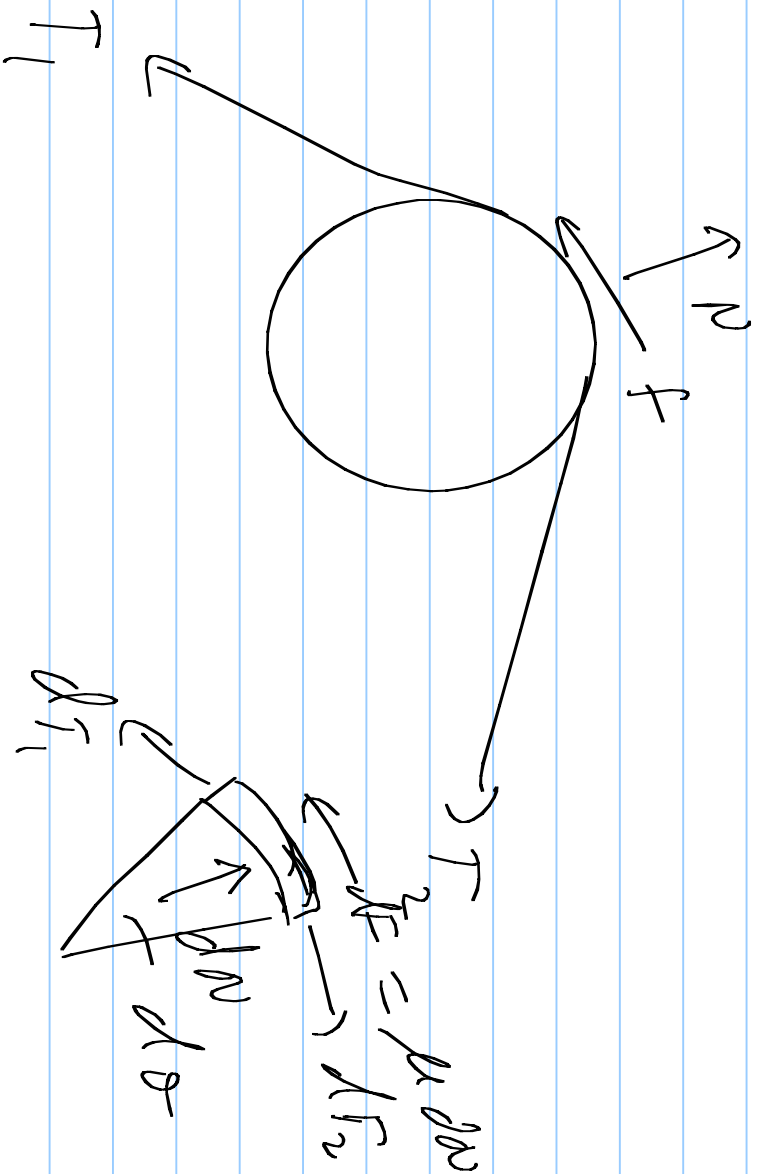
$$\tan \phi = \mu$$



$$m = r F = r L \sin \phi$$

$$= \underline{\underline{r L \tan \phi}}$$

$$\mu = \frac{rL \tan \phi}{\sqrt{\tan^2 \phi + 1}} = \frac{rL \mu}{\sqrt{L + \mu^2}} \approx rL \mu$$



$$\sum F_T = -dT_1 \cos \frac{d\theta}{2} + dT_2 \cos \frac{d\theta}{2} = 0$$

$$\Delta T = \Delta F = \mu dN$$

$$\sum F_N = dN - dT_1 \sin \frac{d\theta}{2} - dT_2 \sin \frac{d\theta}{2} = 0$$

$$dN = T d\theta = \frac{dN}{d\theta} = T$$

$$\frac{dT}{d\theta} = \mu \frac{dN}{d\theta} = \mu T$$

$$T(\theta) = T_1 e^{\mu\theta}$$